

# WEC-Sim Training Course

## **Online Training Materials**

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#### What is **BEMIO**

#### Workflow: BEM $\rightarrow$ BEMIO $\rightarrow$ WEC-Sim

• The BEMIO (**B**oundary **E**lement **M**ethod **I**nput/**O**utput) functions are used to preprocess the BEM hydrodynamic data prior to running WEC-Sim.

#### Purpose

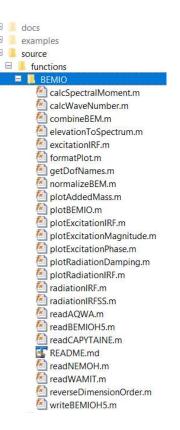
- Read BEM results from WAMIT, NEMOH, Capytaine, or AQWA.
- Calculate the radiation and excitation impulse response functions (IRFs).
- Calculate state space realization coefficients for the radiation IRF.
- Save the resulting data in Hierarchical Data Format 5 (HDF5).
- Plot typical hydrodynamic data for user verification.

#### Implementation

Includes .h5 file, MATLAB (*hydro*) data structure

#### Locations

- Functions: \\WEC-Sim\source\functions\BEMIO
- Documentation: <u>https://wec-sim.github.io/WEC-</u> <u>Sim/master/user/advanced\_features.html#bemio</u>



## readWAMIT Reads data from a WAMIT output file (\*.out)

functions.BEMIO.readWAMIT(hydro, filename, exCoeff)

Reads data from a WAMIT output file.

If generalized body modes are used, the output directory must also include the \*.*cfg*, \*.*mm*x, and \*.*hst* files. If simu.nonlinearHydro = 3 will be used, the output directory must also include the \*.*3fk* and \*.*3sc* files.

See WEC-Sim/examples/BEMIO/WAMIT for examples of usage.

- Parameters:
   hydro (struct) Structure of hydro data that WAMIT input data will be appended to
  - filename ( string ) Path to the WAMIT output file
  - exCoeff (integer) Flag indicating the type of excitation force coefficients to read, 'diffraction' (default), 'haskind', or 'rao'
- **Returns:** hydro Structure of hydro data with WAMIT data appended

Return type: struct

1	hydro = struct();
2	
3	hydro = readWAMIT(hydro, 'rm3.out',[]);
4	<pre>hydro = radiationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);</pre>
5	<pre>hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);</pre>
6	<pre>hydro = excitationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);</pre>
7	writeBEMIOH5(hydro)
8	plotBEMIO(hydro)
9	

# readNEMOH Reads data from a NEMOH working folder

and the second second	and an		
functions.BEMIO.rea	dNEMOH(hydro, filedir)	1	hydro = struct();
Reads data from	a NEMOH working folder.	2 3 4 🗐	<pre>hydro = readNEMOH(hydro,'/RM3/'); % hydro = readWAMIT(hydro,'//WAMIT/RM3/rm3.out',[]);</pre>
	ples\BEMIO\NEMOH for examples of usage.	5 T 6 7	<pre>% hydro = combineBEM(hydro); % Compare WAMIT hydro = radiationIRF(hydro,60,[],[],[],1.9); hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);</pre>
Parameters:	<ul> <li>hydro (struct) – Structure of hydro data that NEMOH input data will be appended to</li> </ul>	8 9	<pre>hydro = excitationIRF(hydro,157,[],[],[],1.9); writeBEMIOH5(hydro)</pre>
	• filename ( string ) -	10 11	plotBEMIO(hydro)
	Path to the NEMOH working folder, must include:		
	• Nemoh.cal		
	<ul> <li>Mesh/Hydrostatics.dat (Or Hydrostatiscs_0.dat, Hydrostatics_1.dat,</li> </ul>		
	etc. for multiple bodies)		
	• Mesh/KH.dat (or ``KH_0.dat , KH_1.dat , etc. for multiple bodies)		
	Results/RadiationCoefficients.tec		
	• Results/ExcitationForce.tec		
	<ul> <li>Results/DiffractionForce.tec</li> <li>- If simu.nonlinearHydro = 3 will be used</li> </ul>		
	• <b>Results/FKForce.tec</b> - If simu.nonlinearHydro = 3 will be used		
Returns:	hydro – Structure of hydro data with NEMOH data appended		
Return type:	struct		

hemio m 😤 🛨

# readAQWA Reads data from AQWA output files

		bemio.m	× +	-
Inctions.BEMIO.readAQWA(hydro, ah1Filename, lisFilename)				<pre>p = struct();</pre>
	AQWA output files. <pre>ples\BEMIO\AQWA for examples of usage.</pre> hydro (struct) - Structure of hydro data that Aqwa input data will be appended to ah1Filename (string)AH1 AQWA output file	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<pre>hydro = readAQWA(hydro, 'RM3.AH1', 'RM3.LIS') hydro = radiationIRF(hydro,150,[],[],[],1.8); hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]); hydro = excitationIRF(hydro,150,[],[],[],1.8) writeBEMIOH5(hydro)</pre>	
Returns: Return type:	<ul> <li>lisFilename ( string )LIS AQWA output file</li> <li>hydro - Structure of hydro data with Aqwa data appended</li> <li>struct</li> </ul>			

# readCAPYTAINE Reads data from a Capytaine netcdf file

functions.BEMIO.rea	dCAPYTAINE(hydro, filename)	bemio.m 1 2			struct();
	a Capytaine netcdf file les\BEMIO\CAPYTAINE for examples of usage.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	hyd hyd hyd wri	dro = dro = dro = iteBEM	<pre>readCAPYTAINE(hydro,'rm3_full.nc'); radiationIRF(hydro,60,[],[],[],1.9); radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]); excitationIRF(hydro,157,[],[],[],1.9); HIOH5(hydro) 0(hydro)</pre>
Parameters:	<ul> <li>hydro (struct) - Structure of hydro da appended to</li> <li>filename (string) - Capytaine .nc output</li> </ul>			ару	rtaine input data will be
Returns:	Returns: hydro – Structure of hydro data with Cap			a a	ppended
Return type:	struct				

## combineBEM Combines multiple BEM outputs into one hydrodynamic 'system'

#### functions.BEMIO.combineBEM(hydro)

Combines multiple BEM outputs into one hydrodynamic 'system.' This function requires that all BEM outputs have the same water depth, wave frequencies, and wave headings. This function would be implemented following multiple readWAMIT, readNEMOH, readCAPYTAINE, or readAQWA and before radiationIRF, radiationIRFSS, excitationIRF, writeBEMIOH5, or plotBEMIO function calls.

See wec-sim\examples\BEMIO\NEMOH for examples of usage.

Parameters: hydro ( [1 x n] struct ) - Structures of hydro data that will be combined into a single structure

Returns: hydro - Combined structure.

Return type: [1 x 1] struct

bemio.m	× +
1	hydro = struct();
2	
3	hydro = readNEMOH(hydro,'/RM3/');
4	<pre>hydro = readWAMIT(hydro,'//WAMIT/RM3/rm3.out',[]);</pre>
5	hydro = combineBEM(hydro); % Compare WAMIT
6	hydro = radiationIRF(hydro,60,[],[],[],1.9);
7	hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);
8 9	<pre>hydro = excitationIRF(hydro,157,[],[],[],1.9);</pre>
9	writeBEMIOH5(hydro)
10	plotBEMIO(hydro)
11	

#### radiationIRF Calculates the normalized radiation impulse response function

#### functions.BEMIO.radiationIRF(hydro, tEnd, nDt, nDw, wMin, wMax)

Calculates the normalized radiation impulse response function. This is equivalent to the radiation IRF in the theory section normalized by  $\rho$ :

$$\overline{K}_{r,i,j}(t) = rac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\infty rac{B_{i,j}(\omega)}{
ho} \cos(\omega t) d\omega$$

Default parameters can be used by inputting []. See WEC-Sim\examples\BEMIO for examples of usage.

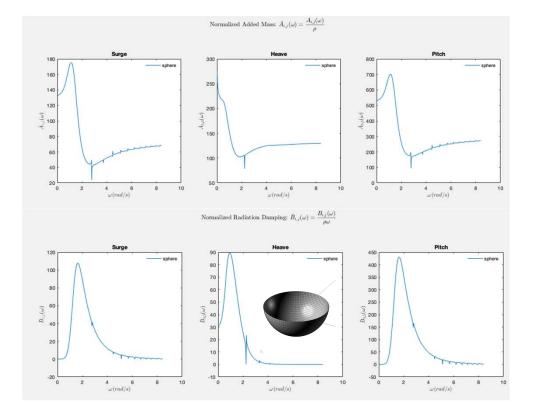
- Parameters: hydro ( struct ) Structure of hydro data
  - tEnd (float) Calculation range for the IRF, where the IRF is calculated from t = 0 to tEnd, and the default is 100 s
  - nDt ( float ) Number of time steps in the IRF, the default is 1001
  - nDw (float) Number of frequency steps used in the IRF calculation (hydrodynamic coefficients are interpolated to correspond), the default is 1001
  - wMin (float) Minimum frequency to use in the IRF calculation, the default is the minimum frequency from the BEM data
  - wMax (float) Maximum frequency to use in the IRF calculation, the default is the maximum frequency from the BEM data
- Returns: hydro Structure of hydro data with radiation IRF

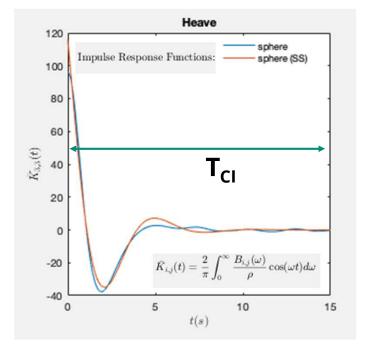
Return type: struct

bemio.m	×	+	
1	hy	dro =	<pre>struct();</pre>
2			
3	hy	dro =	<pre>readWAMIT(hydro,'rm3.out',[]);</pre>
4	hy	dro =	radiationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);
5	hy	dro =	<pre>radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);</pre>
6	hy	dro =	<pre>excitationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);</pre>
7	wr	iteBE	MIOH5(hydro)
8	pl	otBEM	IIO(hydro)
9			

$$\overline{K}_{i,j}(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \frac{B_{i,j}(\omega)}{\rho} \cos(\omega t) \, d\omega$$

#### radiationIRF Calculates the normalized radiation impulse response function





NOTE: Make sure *simu.cicEndTime* <= T<sub>ci</sub>

## radiationIRFSS Calculates the state space (SS) realization of the radiation IRF

#### functions.BEMIO.radiationIRFSS(hydro, Omax, R2t)

Calculates the state space (SS) realization of the normalized radiation IRF. If this function is used, it must be implemented after the radiationIRF function.

Default parameters can be used by inputting []. See WEC-Sim\examples\BEMIO for examples of usage.

Parameters:

- hydro ( struct ) Structure of hydro data
- Omax ( integer ) Maximum order of the SS realization, the default is 10
- R2t ( float )  $R^2$  threshold (coefficient of determination) for the SS realization, where  $R^2$  may range from 0 to 1, and the default is 0.95

Returns: hydro – Structure of hydro data with radiation IRF state space coefficients

Return type: struct

bemio.m	× +
1	hydro = struct();
2	
3	hydro = readWAMIT(hydro,'rm3.out',[]);
4	hydro = radiationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);
5	hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);
6	<pre>hydro = excitationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[]);</pre>
7	writeBEMIOH5(hydro)
8	plotBEMIO(hydro)
9	

#### excitationIRF Calculates the excitation impulse response function

#### functions.BEMIO.excitationIRF(hydro, tEnd, nDt, nDw, wMin, wMax)

Calculates the normalized excitation impulse response function:

$$\overline{K}_{e,i, heta}(t) = rac{1}{2\pi}\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}rac{X_i(\omega, heta)e^{i\omega t}}{
ho g}d\omega$$

Default parameters can be used by inputting []. See WEC-Sim\examples\BEMIO for examples of usage.

Parameters:

- hydro ( struct ) Structure of hydro data
- tEnd (float) Calculation range for the IRF, where the IRF is calculated from t = 0 to tEnd, and the default is 100 s
- nDt (float) Number of time steps in the IRF, the default is 1001
- nDw (float) Number of frequency steps used in the IRF calculation (hydrodynamic coefficients are interpolated to correspond), the default is 1001
- wMin (float) Minimum frequency to use in the IRF calculation, the default is the minimum frequency from the BEM data
- wMax (float) Maximum frequency to use in the IRF calculation, the default is the maximum frequency from the BEM data
- Returns: hydro Structure of hydro data with excitation IRF

Return type: struct

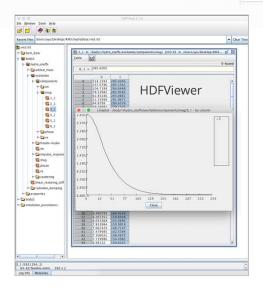
bemio.m	x +
1	hydro = struct();
2	
3	hydro = readWAMIT(hydro,'rm3.out',[]);
4	<pre>hydro = radiationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);</pre>
5	hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);
6	<pre>hydro = excitationIRF(hydro, 20, [], [], [], []);</pre>
7	writeBEMIOH5(hydro)
8	plotBEMIO(hydro)
9	

$$\overline{K}_{i}(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{X_{i}(\omega,\beta)}{\rho g} e^{i\omega t} d\omega$$

## writeBEMIOH5 Writes the hydro data structure to a .h5 file.

	bemio.m 💥 🕇
functions.BEMIO.writeBEMIOH5(hydro)	<pre>1 hydro = struct();</pre>
	2
	<pre>3 hydro = readWAMIT(hydro,'rm3.out',[]);</pre>
White the budge data structure to a bE fla	<pre>4 hydro = radiationIRF(hydro, 20, [], [], [], []);</pre>
Writes the hydro data structure to a .h5 file.	<pre>5 hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);</pre>
	<pre>6 hydro = excitationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);</pre>
	7 writeBEMIOH5(hydro)
Soo was as the set of the set of the set	<pre>8 plotBEMIO(hydro)</pre>
See WEC-sim\tutorials\BEMIO for examples of usage.	9

Parameters: hydro ([1 x 1] struct) - Structure of hydro data that is written to hydro.file



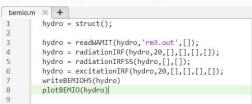
## plotBEMIO Plots the hydrodynamic data

#### functions.BEMIO.plotBEMIO(varargin) %

Plots the added mass, radiation damping, radiation IRF, excitation force magnitude, excitation force phase, and excitation IRF for each body in the heave, surge and pitch degrees of freedom.

Usage: plotBEMIO(hydro, hydro2, hydro3, ...)

See WEC-Sim\examples\BEMIO for additional examples.



Parameters: varargin (struct(s)) - The hydroData structure(s) created by the other BEMIO functions. One or more may be input.

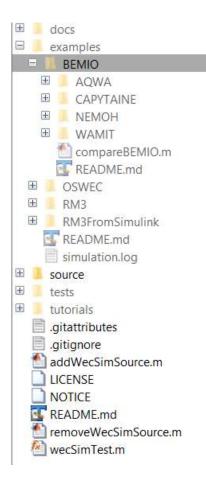
#### Examples and Usage

## BEMIO tutorials in \WEC-Sim\examples\BEMIO

- WAMIT
- NEMOH
- Aqwa
- Capytaine
- compareBEMIO

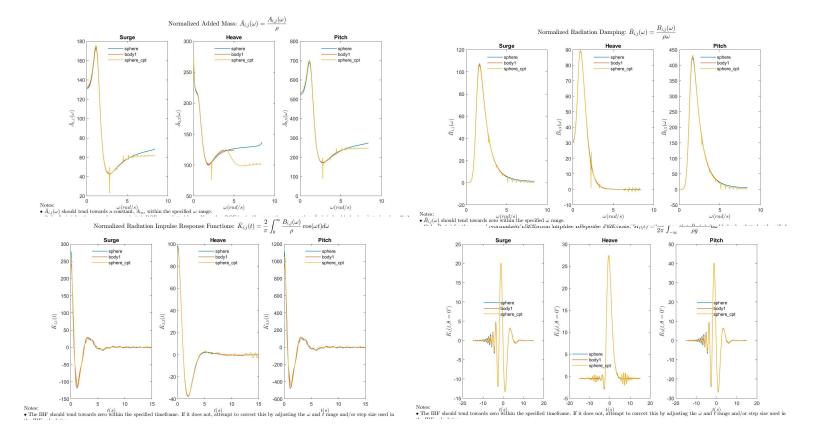
## Data structures

- BEMIO
- https://wec-sim.github.io/WEC-Sim/advanced\_features.html#bemio
- 。.h5
- o HDFVIEW: <u>https://support.hdfgroup.org/products/java/hdfview/</u>



## compareBEMIO

#### Sphere comparison available in: \\WEC-Sim\examples\BEMIO



## You can go to this folder in WEC-Sim to follow along: \\WEC-Sim\examples\BEMIO\WAMIT\RM3

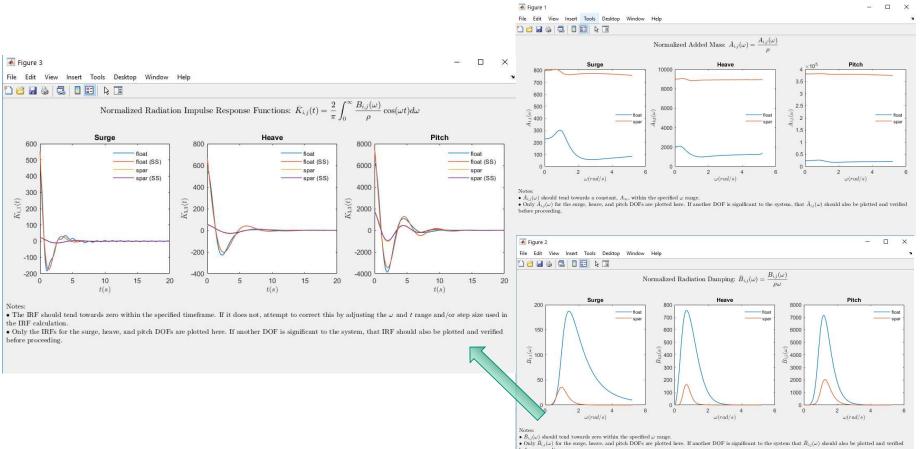
 wecSin	nInputFile.m 💥 bemio.m 🗶 🕂	
1	hydro = struct();	
2		
3	hydro = readWAMIT(hydro,'rm3.out',[]);	
4	hydro = radiationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[2]);	
5	<pre>hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);</pre>	
6	<pre>hydro = excitationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);</pre>	
7	writeBEMIOH5(hydro)	
8	plotBEMIO(hydro)	

## State Space Representation of IRF

It is desirable to represent the radiation convolution integral in state space form. This has been shown to dramatically increase computational speeds and allow utilization of conventional control methods that rely on linear state space models.

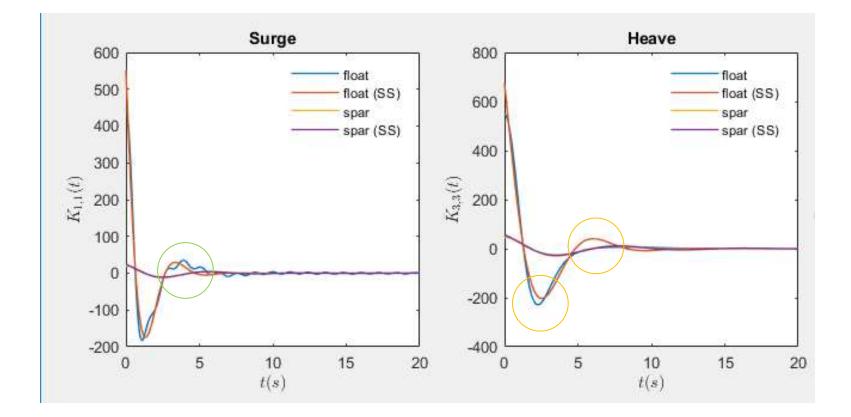
$$\int_0^t K_r(t-\tau)u(\tau)d\tau \approx \begin{array}{c} \dot{X}_r(t) = A_r X_r(t) + B_r u(t) \\ C_r X_r(t) + D_r u(t); \ X_r(0) = 0 \end{array}$$

An approximation will be made as  $K_r$  is solved from a set of partial differential equations where as a linear state space is constructed from a set of ordinary differential equations.

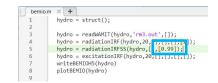


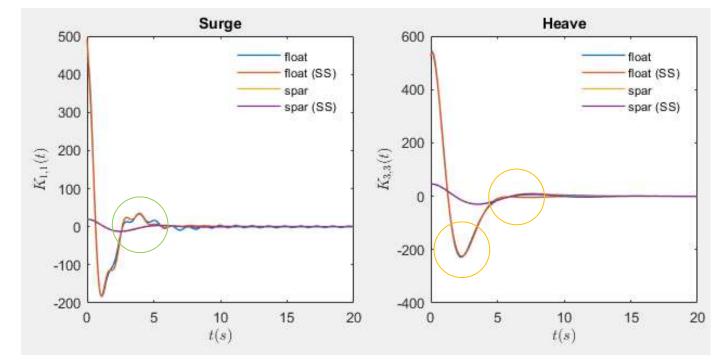
before proceeding.



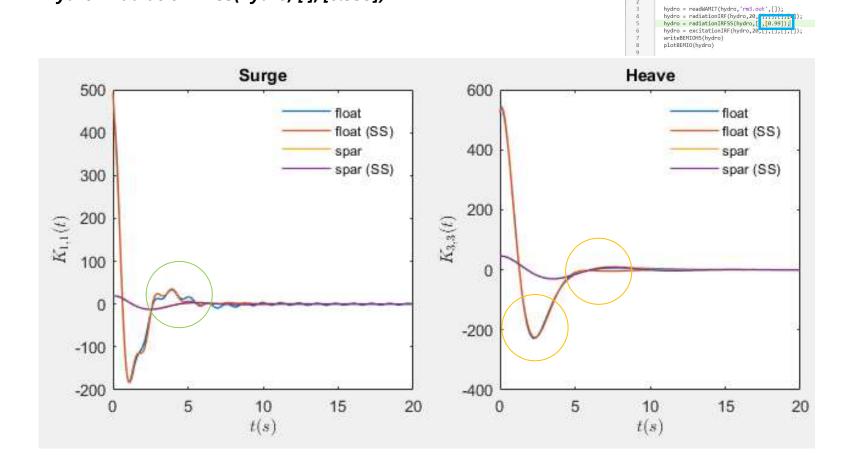


Let's increase the R2 threshold to 0.99 *hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro, [ ], [0.99])* Default is 0.95





hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro, [], [0.999])



bemio.m × + 1 hydro = struct();

#### >> doc simulationClass

📣 simulationClass - MATLAB File Help

simulationClass - MATLAB File Help

#### simulationClass

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#### **Class Details**

SuperclasseshandleSealedfalseConstruct on loadfalse

#### **Constructor Summary**

simulationClass This method initializes the "simulationClass".

#### **Property Summary**

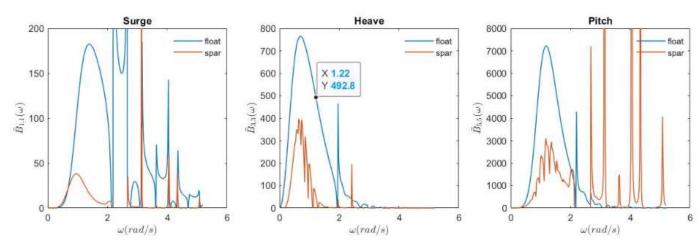
Froperty Summ	ldi y	SUIVEL	possible. Recommended to u
adjMassFactor	('integer') Weighting function for adjusting added r	startTime	('float') Simulation start time.
b2b	('integer') Flag for body2body interactions, Option	atota Canada	(`integer`) Flag for convolution
caseDir	('string') WEC-Sim case directory. Default = depen	stateSpace	space). Default = ``0``
caseFile	('string') .mat file with all simulation information. D	time	("float") Simulation time [s]. D
cicDt	('float') Time step to calculate Convolution Integra	wsVersion	('string') WEC-Sim version
cicEndTime	('float') Convolution integral time. Default = "60"	zeroCross	('string') Disable zero cross c
cicLength	('integer') Number of timesteps in the convolution	eyranenyur. Delau	n – uepenuern
<u>cicTime</u>	('float vector') Convolution integral time series. Defa	ult = dependent	
date	('string') Simulation date and time		
domainSize	('float') Size of free surface and seabed. This variab	le is only used for vi	sualization. Default = ``200`` m
dt	('float') Simulation time step. Default = ``0.1`` s		
dtOut	('float') Output sampling time. Default = ``dt'`		

			wecS	mInputFile.m 🔀 🕂	
			1	%% Simulation Data	
	A simulationClass - MA	ATLAB File Help	2	<pre>simu = simulationClass();</pre>	% Initialize Simulation Class
	dtOut	('float') Output sampling	3	<pre>simu.simMechanicsFile = 'RM3.slx';</pre>	% Specify Simulink Model File
	endTime	('float') Simulation end ti		<pre>simu.mode = 'normal';</pre>	% Specify Simulation Mode ('normal', 'accelerat
_	explorer	('string') SimMechanics		simu.explorer = 'on';	% Turn SimMechanics Explorer (on/off)
	gitCommit	('string') GitHub commit	6	simu.startTime = 0;	% Simulation Start Time [s]
	gravity.	('float') Acceleration due	0	simu.rampTime = 100;	% Wave Ramp Time [s]
	maxIt	('integer') Total number	0		
%%%%	mcrExcelFile	('string') File name from	8	simu.endTime = 400;	% Simulation End Time [s]
y an	mcrMatFile	('string') mat file that cor	9	simu.solver = 'ode4';	% simu.solver = 'ode4' for fixed step & simu.s
(NTE	mode	('string') Simulation exec	10	simu.dt - 0.1;	% Simulation time step [s]
s, sof	morisonDt	(`float`) Sample time to c	11	<pre>simu.stateSpace=1;</pre>	% Enables state-space calculation
501	nonlinearDt	('float') Sample time to c	12		
e "L	numCables	('integer') Number of cat	les in the	wec model. Default = "0"	
h th	numConstraints	('integer') Number of cor	itraints in	the wec model. Default = ``0``	
	numDragBodies	('integer') Number of dra = ``0''	g bodies	that comprise the WEC device (excluding hydrodynamic bodies). Default	
	numHydroBodies	('integer') Number of hyd	Irodynam	ic bodies that comprise the WEC device. Default = ``0'`	
writ	numMoorings	('integer') Number of mo	orings in	the wec model. Default = ``0``	
"AS	numPtoSim	('integer') Number of PT(	D-Sim ele	ements in the model. Default = ``0``	
er e g pe	numPtos	('integer') Number of pov	ver take-	off elements in the model. Default = ``0``	
6 F-	outputDir	('string') Data output dire	ctory nar	ne. Default = ``'output'``	
%%%%	paraview	('structure') Defines the I	Paraview	visualization.	
	pressure	('integer') Flag to save p	ressure c	istribution, Options: 0 (off), 1 (on). Default = ``0``	
	rampTime	('float') Ramp time for wa	ave forcir	g. Default = ``100`` s	
	rateTransition	('string') Flag for automa	tically ha	ndling rate transition for data transfer, Opyions: 'on', 'off'. Default = ``'on'``	
	reloadH5Data	('integer') Flag to re-load	hydro da	ta from h5 file between runs, Options: 0 (off), 1 (on). Default = ``0``	
1	rho	("float") Density of water.	Default =	``1000`` kg/m^3	
	saveStructure	('integer') Flag to save re	esults as	a MATLAB structure, Options: 0 (off), 1 (on). Default = ``0``	
	saveText	('integer') Flag to save re	esults as	ASCII files, Options: 0 (off), 1 (on). Default = ``0``	
	saveWorkspace	('integer') Flag to save .r	nat file fo	r each run, Options: 0 (off), 1 (on). Default = ``1``	
	simMechanicsFile	("string") Simulink/SimMe	chanics	model file. Default = ``'NOT DEFINED'``	
	solver			Simulink/SimMechanics simulation. Any continuous solver in Simulink de4, 'ode45' for WEC-Sim. Default = ``'ode4'``	
Ided r	startTime	("float") Simulation start to			
ption depei	stateSpace	('integer') Flag for convo space). Default = ``0`'	lution inte	egral or state-space calculation, Options: 0 (convolution integral), 1 (state-	
on. D	time	("float") Simulation time [	s]. Defau	t = ``0```s	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
tegra	wsVersion	('string') WEC-Sim version	on		
60	zeroCross	('string') Disable zero cro	oss contre	ol. Default = ``'DisableAll'``	

How does changing the upper wave frequency limit on the IRF? Perhaps the BEM hydrodynamic data is poor and needs to be cut off.

wecSimInputFile.m 🛪 bemio.m 🛪 🕂	
1	hydro = struct();
2	
3	hydro = readWAMIT(hydro,'rm3.out',[]);
4	hydro = radiationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[2]);
5	<pre>hydro = radiationIRFSS(hydro,[],[]);</pre>
(6	hydro = excitationIRF(hydro,20,[],[],[],[]);
7	writeBEMIOH5(hydro)
8	plotBEMIO(hydro)
~	

# Depending on the BEM solver, mesh quality, and size of your device the hydrodynamic coefficients can be reported with noise and nonphysical solutions.



Normalized Radiation Damping:  $\bar{B}_{i,j}(\omega) = \frac{B_{i,j}(\omega)}{\omega}$ 

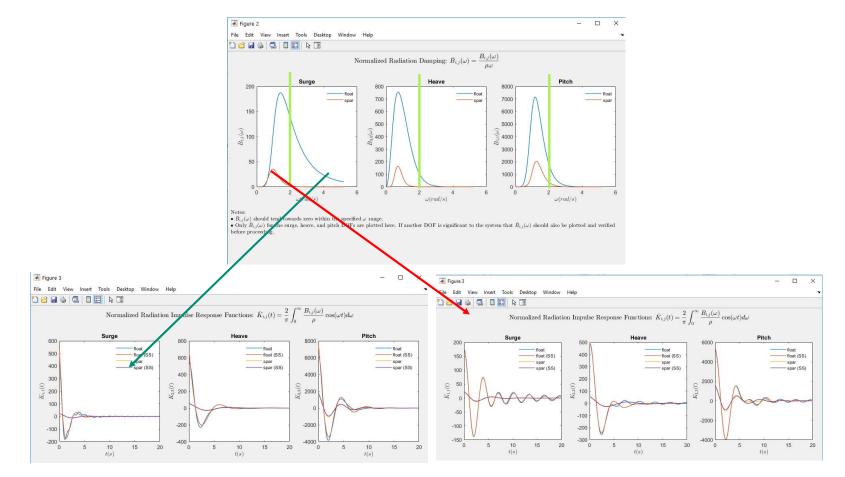
Notes:

•  $\bar{B}_{i,i}(\omega)$  should tend towards zero within the specified  $\omega$  range.

• Only  $B_{i,j}(\omega)$  for the surge, heave, and pitch DOFs are plotted here. If another DOF is significant to the system that  $B_{i,j}(\omega)$  should also be plotted and verified before proceeding.

# Since the BEM solution defines the WEC response, poor BEM data can lead to unstable WEC-Sim simulations.

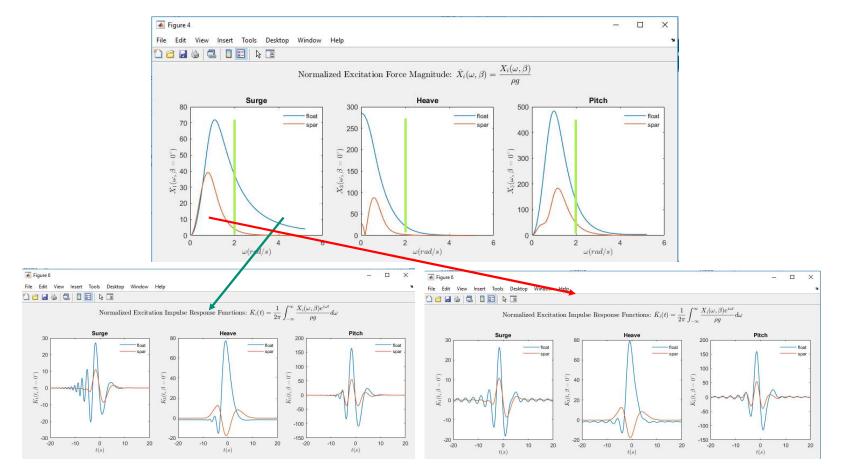




Cut-off frequency is sufficiently high

Cut-off frequency is too low





Cut-off frequency is sufficiently high

Cut-off frequency is too low

# Thank you

For more information please visit the WEC-Sim website:

#### http://wec-sim.github.io/WEC-Sim

If you have questions on this presentation please reach out to any of the WEC-Sim Developers on GitHub:

https://github.com/WEC-Sim/WEC-Sim

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## normalizeBEM Normalizes hydrodynamic coefficients

#### functions.BEMIO.normalizeBEM(hydro)

Normalizes BEM hydrodynamic coefficients in the same manner that WAMIT outputs are normalized. Specifically, the linear restoring stiffness is normalized as  $C_{i,j}/(\rho g)$ ; added mass is normalized as  $A_{i,j}/\rho$ ; radiation damping is normalized as  $B_{i,j}/(\rho \omega)$ ; and, exciting forces are normalized as  $X_i/(\rho g)$ . And, if necessary, sort data according to ascending frequency.

This function is not called directly by the user; it is automatically implemented within the readWAMIT, readCAPYTAINE, readNEMOH, and readAQWA functions.

Parameters:	hydro ( $[1 \times 1]$ struct ) – Structure of hydro data that will be normalized and sorted depending on the value of hydro.code
Returns:	hydro – Normalized hydro data
Return type:	[1 x 1] struct

 $C_{i,j}/\rho g$  - linear stiffness  $A_{i,j}/\rho g$  - added mass  $B_{i,j}/\rho \omega$  - radiation damping  $X_i/\rho g$  - exciting forces